Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VI.] FRIDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1805. [No. 1482.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

RUM

In hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

&c.——ALSO,

A Variety of DRY GOODS,

among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kerseymeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Russels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Nov. 18.

For Sale or Freight,

The Schooner

BETSEY,

Burthen eight hundred barrels; *Was built in eighteen hundred and two*—And is without exception the best Schr. belonging to the port—*for terms apply to*

Benjamin Shreve, *jun.*

Dec. 14 dtf.

For Freight or Charter

To Europe or the West-Indies,

THE BRIG

EQUATOR,

Henry Moore, Master;

Burthen 230 hhds. For terms apply to the master on board, or to

HUGH SMITH.

Dec. 16. d

For Sale or Charter,

The Staunch fast sailing

Brig NANCY

about 1400 barrels burthen,

Has just had a thorough repair; is well found, and will be at HEPBURN'S *Wharf*, in a day or two—For inventory or terms apply to

John Mc Gowan, & Co,

City of Washington, or to

Lewis Deblois,

Alexandria.

Nov. 20 d.f.

400 barrels Corn,

70 boxes fresh Muskatel and Bloom Raisins,

For Sale, by

Mandeville & Jamesson.

December 5. d

KILN-DRIED MEAL.

200 barrels of Corn Meal, well dried, and in nice shipping order.

Apply to MORDECAI MILLER.

December 9. d

Bills on Philadelphia,

At short sight,

In sums to suit purchasers, may be had if immediate application is made to

Lawrason & Fowle.

December 5. d

11 bales GERMAN GOODS, assorted,

And for Sale, on moderate terms,

Lately imported from Bremen by the way of Baltimore.

ROBERT YOUNG.

December 7. dom

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE,

Two boxes Irish Linen—*real Coleraines.*

50 barrels prime Pork.

WM. HODGSON.

November 28. d

Russia Clean Hemp.

A few tons of the first quality for sale, by

John. G. Ladd.

Dec. 2. dtf.

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, *on King street, has, in addition to his former stock, added*

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms,

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,

Loaf and Lump ditto,
Gunpowder,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin, and } *TEAS*, particularly selected for family use.
Souchong

Best Green Coffee,

Chocolate, of a superior quality.

Madeira,
Busellos,
Sherry,
Lisbon,
Teneriffe,
Malaga, and } *WINES.*
Genuine Old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,

Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,

Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New-England Rum,

Holland Gin,

Irish and country Whiskey,

Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,

Stoughton's Bitters.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Pimento, Cayenne and Black Pepper. Race and Ground Ginger, Basket Salt for table use, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig-blue, Soap, Mould, Dipt and Spermaceti Candles, Refined Salt-Petre, Flotant Indigo, Allum, Copperas, Madder, Brimstone, Spinning Cotton, Patent Shot, all sizes, best English and country-made Gunpowder, Segars, and Smoaking Tobacco, very best Chewing Tobacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's Snuff, Hunter's Pipes in boxes.

London Mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, Wrapping-Paper, Demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been selected with care and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms.

December 16. d

TUNIS CRAVEN,

Has received by the late arrivals an elegant assortment of

GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

London superfine Cloths and Cassimeres,
Bennett's patent Cords, Do. Waistcoatings,
Silks, Moleskins, Florentines,
Imperial, clouded and white Marseilles,
Toilinetts, Swandowns,
Flannels, role Blankets,
Coatings, Plains,
Kerseys, Halfthicks,
Lamb's Wool, Worsted, Cotton and Silk Hosiery,
Irish & Flanders Sheetings,
4-4 7/8 Irish Linens,
Shirting Cotton,
Long Lawns,
Linen Cambricks,
Dimities, Cambrick do.
Corded Cambricks,
Lace do.
Rich Colonade and figured India Muslins
India and British Book do.
Lace Caps & Handkerchiefs,
Extra Silk Gloves,
Pic Nic Mitts.
Silk Cord and Buttons,
Cambrick Buttons,
Artificial Flowers and Wreaths,
Ostrich Feathers,
Italian Mantuas,
Fine India Persians,
Baftas, Mamoodies,
Dowlas, Ticklenburgs,
Osnaburgs, Brown rolls
&c. &c.

☞ *He daily expects an additional assortment of* FALL GOODS.

Oct. 22. dtf

JUST RECEIVED,

9 *boxes—containing*

500 pieces Platillas,
500 do. Britannias,

Entitled to drawback on exportation.

ALSO,

30 bbls and 5 hhds New Rum;

For Sale, by

John G. Ladd.

December 13.

Wanted immediately,

A quantity of CHESNUT RAILS;

For which cash will be given. Apply to

J. H. Hooe.

December 12. dtf

TUNIS CRAVEN,

HAS FOR SALE

Best Havanna SEGARS in boxes,

And a few Puncheons

NEW-ENGLAND RUM,

November 13. d

New Brewery.

Isaac Entwisle and Co.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has commenced Brewing, and will have BEER ready for delivery in a few days, which he hopes will please such as use it.

He will give the Baltimore and Philadelphia prices for good clean Barley.

Grain and Yeast may be had at the Brewery.

December 20. d1m

NOTICE.

All those who expected GOODS, from Philadelphia, in the schooner Charming Mary, captain Potter, are respectfully informed that the GOODS have arrived in the Montezuma, captain Palmer at Ramsay's wharf, where those interested will please make speedy application, as the said sloop will sail in a few days for Norfolk. For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to

M. Miller.

December 20. d

HENRY K. MAY

Has received, per Brig Equator, Moore, from New-Castle, and offers for Sale, if immediately applied for;

80 casks Red Lead,
38 casks Patent Shot,
18 casks Ingot Lead; and
36 sheets Milled do.

December 18.

Mandeville and Jamesson,

OFFER FOR SALE,

For Cash, Produce, or on the usual Credit;

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

LIQUORS & GROCERIES,

Consisting of

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities.

Philadelphia and Alexandria Loaf and Lump ditto.

Jamaica,
St. Vincents, and } In hhds. &c.
N. E. Rum,
Old Jamaica Spirits, for family use,
Peach and Apple-Brandy,
Cogniac and Bourdeaux do.
Holland and Country Geneva,
70 barrels strong and fine flavored Rye Whiskey.

Madeira,
Sherry,
Old Port,
Lisbon,
Malaga, and } WINES.
Teneriffe

40 cases St. Estaph Medoc Claret,
1 butt old 4th proof Irish Whiskey,
100 cases West Schiedam Gin.
A few hogsheads of choice Molasses,
Tennessee and Georgia Cotton.

Gunpowder,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Souchong,
Hyson-skin, and } TEAS, Very carefully selected from the best cargoes for country trade and family use.
Bohea

Green Coffee, Chocolate, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig-blue, Soap, Mustard, Rappee and Scotch Snuff.

SPICES—Pimento, Pepper, Cloves, Cassia, Nutmegs and Mace.

Ginger, race and ground.

Flotant and Orleans Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Allum and Brimstone.

Patent Shot, assorted, from BB to No. 9.

Bar Lead, Hunter's Pipes, Bees Wax, Wrapping Paper, Demijohns, Refined Salt Petre, Chalk,

Mould and Dipt Candles.

British Gunpowder of various qualities from *F* to treble battle.

October 18.

TEN DOLLARS *Reward.*

Left the Little-River turnpike road, about the 10th of September last,

A Negro Man named *JACOB*, belonging to the heirs of THOMAS MASON, deceased. He is about 50 years of age, well made, about 5 feet 10 inches high, dark complection, his head tolerably grey. Whoever takes up said Negro and delivers him to me or one of the overseers on the turnpike road, near Alexandria, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges, by

JOSEPH POWELL, Agent for the Little River Turnpike Company.

October 24 dtf

Brew-House—Alexandria.

I NOW have *BEER* ready for delivery, of a quality that I expect will please.

Thomas Crufe.

December 13. d2w

Sixty barrels New Prime Beef,

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by

Henry K. May.

December 23. 1w

20 Pipes very choice Madeira Wine,

Imported in the Brig Active, from St. Bartholomews, and for sale by

R. Veitch & Co.

December 21. 1f

N. B. This Wine has lain a considerable time in the West Indies.

15 hogsheads } Prime retailing Molasses
12 tierces }
20 puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum
8 butts Muscat Wine
4 half butts Constantia do.
4 pipes fine old Brazil Madeira
12 boxes French Prunes
10 hogsheads } New England Rum
15 barrels }
50 barrels Pennsylvania Rye Whiskey
6 casks refined British Salt-Petre
3 tierces Allum
50 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles
10 boxes Chocolate

Just received, and for sale, for cash or on the usual credits.

Mandeville & Jamesson.

December 21. d

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by the Subscriber,

100 ps. brown Russia Sheetings } Entitled to
100 do. Ravens Duck } Dok. on Ex.
3 bales German Ticklenburgs
50 bolts Russia Duck
100 barrels Boston Beef
50 do. Tanners Oil
400 casks Stone Lime
100 boxes mould and dipt Tallow Candles
6 pipes old real Cognac Brandy
West India and New England Rum
And a quantity of Mens, Womens and Childrens SHOES.

John G. Ladd.

November 16. d

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership hitherto subsisting under the firm of *Joseph Riddle & Co.* of Alexandria, was dissolved the first instant, by mutual consent: All persons that are indebted to, or that have claims on the same, are requested to come forward and settle, as it is desirable to close the concern as soon as possible. Those whose accounts are of long standing are particularly requested to attend to this notice, and make payments to either of the subscribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,
Of Alexandria.
JAMES DALL,
Of Baltimore.

September 18. tf

JOSEPH RIDDLE

Has Received by the Ceres and other ships lately arrived at Baltimore, a considerable part of his

FALL GOODS;

Which are now opening at his store in Fairfax street, and daily expects an additional supply in the United States from Liverpool.

September 28. d

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company, at the house of John Gadeby, in the town of Alexandria, December the 4th, 1805—

Ordered, That the Stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company do, and they are hereby required to pay to the Treasurer of said Company ten dollars on each share by them respectively subscribed, on the first day of February, 1806—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of those shares, on the first day of May—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of July—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of September—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of November next ensuing the date hereof.

Jonah Thompson, *Treasurer.*

December 13. dtf1Feb

☞ The highest price given for clean Linen Rags, by the Printer of this paper.

DOCUMENTS

Accompanying a message from the President of the United States—Comprising at full length, all the papers not previously inserted in the National Intelligencer.

(G.)

(Continued.)

AFFIDAVIT, No. 5.

Territory of Orleans,
County of Point Coupee, Sept. 5, 1805.

On this day appeared before me, Ebenezer Cooley, a justice of the peace for the county of Point Coupee, Nathan Kemper, who being duly sworn, declared:

That on the night of the 3d inst. as he believed, between the hours of 11 and 12, the doors of his house were forced open by a party of armed men, amounting, as well as he could ascertain, to the number of 18 or 20; that as soon as the party had entered, they cried surrender, seized his brother Reuben, and dragged him out at the door. After a struggle, during which they had beat him with a club, and so choaked him that he had barely power to say, I surrender. During this time a part of the same party seized this deponent by different parts of the body, and dragged him from his bed where he lay with his wife and child, out through the door; after which he heard some of the party who remained in the house cry out, if the bitch utters another word, put her to death. Whereupon he heard a blow given at the bed, and though he frequently called to his wife to know if she was still alive, could get no answer. After the deponent and his brother Reuben had been fast bound, they were conducted along the road leading to Pinckneyville, as far as the plantation of Mr. Abraham Haton, being still within the limits of the Mississippi territory; and thence down the main road leading towards the line of demarcation. At some small distance above the line, they were conducted a short way into the woods, where they halted a considerable time, until he heard a detachment of the same party coming along the main road, to which they were again led back from the wood, & discovered their brother Sam'l Kemper, in custody of said detachment. From thence they were conveyed across the line of demarcation, and delivered to captain S. Alston, by whose party they were put on board a piroque at Tunica landing, under a guard of six armed men, who said their orders were to take them to Baton Rouge, and there deliver them at the fort. From Tunica they departed about day-break, and as they passed along by the shore of Point Coupee, called out that they were American citizens, and clandestinely taken from their habitations within the Mississippi territory. After which they were accused by lieutenant Wilson, commandant of the garrison at Point Coupee. The deponent further says, that among those who surrounded his house, he recognized the following persons: Minor Butler and his brother-in-law Ritchie, Abraham Horton and several of said Horton's negroes, all inhabitants of the Mississippi territory.

(Signed) NATHAN KEMPER.

Sworn before me this 5th day of September, 1805.

(Signed) EBENEZER COOLEY,
Justice of the Peace.

AFFIDAVIT, No. 6.

Territory of Orleans, County of Point Coupee, Sept. 5, 1805.

On this day appeared before me, Ebenezer Cooley, justice of the peace for the county of Point Coupee, Samuel Kemper, who being duly sworn, declared:

That on the night of the 3d inst. about the hour of twelve, as he believed, being at his house in the town of Pinckneyville, in the Mississippi territory, he heard a knocking at the door, and asked who was there? An answer was made, which he did not understand, and the outer door burst open. The door of the bed room was then forced, and a blow made at the bed with a double barrelled gun. Deponent was then seized, and dragged out of the bed by a number of men, who drew him into the room which they had first entered, and from thence, after a struggle, into the street. He was then thrown on the ground, and a rope tied round his neck, by which he was dragged about one hundred and fifty yards. He was then suffered to stand upright, and attempted, by crying out, to give an alarm, upon which he received a stroke of a pistol upon the head, by which he was stunned. The rope being removed from his neck to his arm, he was compelled to run for the space of about a quarter of a mile, after which he was forced to get up behind a man on horseback: a negro who ran on foot still holding the rope by which his wrist was tied. He was then led along the main road across the line, and delivered to a party of men, who conducted him to the landing of Bayou Tunica. Then he was put on board a piroque, with his two brothers Reuben and Nathan Kemper, and conducted down the river towards Baton Rouge. When opposite Point Coupee, they gave the alarm and were received by lieut. Wilson, commandant of the garrison of Point Coupee.

(Signed) SAMUEL KEMPER.

Sworn before me, this 5th day of September, 1805.

(Signed) EBENEZER COOLEY,
Justice of the peace.

AFFIDAVIT, No. 7.

Territory of Orleans, County of Point Coupee, Sept. 5th, 1805.

On this day appeared before me, Ebenezer Cooly, justice of the peace for the county of Point Coupee, Reuben Kemper, who being duly sworn, declares:

That on the night of the third instant, about the hour of 12, being at the house of Nathan Kemper, within about two miles of Pinkneyville, within the limits of the Mississippi territory, the house was surrounded, and the doors thereof forced open, by a party consisting of at least nineteen persons, whereof some were negroes, and some white men in disguise. That among the latter he recognized and personally knew the following persons: Louis Ritchie, Miner Butler, Abraham Horton, James Horton, and two others, whose names he did not recollect, but expected soon to be able to ascertain, all of whom are inhabitants of the Mississippi territory; and Marcus Carr James Say, Philip Say, and others, residing within the Spanish lines. Of the negroes, whose number amounted to seven, at least, three, whose names are William or Bill, Nat and Moses, and others whose names he did not recollect, he knew to be the property of the above mentioned Abram Horton. That the said party, all of whom were well armed, after having forced their way into the house, violently forced him from his bed room, after a struggle of about 15 minutes, during which he received several violent blows on the head and face; and after having torn off his shirt and tied him with cords, forced him over the line into the Spanish territory, where they delivered him up, with his two brothers, Nathan and Samuel Kemper, bound in the same manner to Solomon Alston, who commanded a large party of armed men. That said Alston received them within 10 or 15 feet of the line on the Spanish side, that from thence they were conveyed to the Bayou of Tunica landing, bound as already mentioned, and nearly naked, were they were put on board a piroque, and there tied all three together, by orders of said Alston. That said piroque was commanded by William Breher, and manned by Charles Stuart, Adam Bengaman, John Ratcliff, George Rowe, and John Morris; that they departed from the Bayou Tunica for Baton Rouge, at day break, where said William Barker had orders to deliver the prisoners up to governor Grand Pre. That as they passed along the shore of Point Coupee, the prisoners found means to declare their situation to Doctor Powles, who immediately gave information thereof to lieut. Wilson, commandant of the garrison of Point Coupee. That lieut. Wilson immediately manned his boat, boarded the piroque, and took the prisoners, with those who conducted them, into custody, about the hour of 12 the same day.

(Signed) REUBEN KEMPER.

Sworn before me, this 5th day of Sept. 1805.

(Signed) EBENEZER COOLEY.
Justice of the Peace.

(To be continued.)

NEW YORK, December 24.

The ship Hare, captain Chew, arrived at this port yesterday, left Gibraltar, the 25th October, in company with the Old Tom, for this port, under convoy, of the United States brig Vixen, Cox; the next day was driven through the Gut, and put into Malaga, from whence they sailed the 4th November and on the day following parted with the convoy off Cape Spartel. On the 23d October a schooner arrived at Gibraltar, with dispatches from admiral Collingwood, advising that lord Nelson's fleet of 27 sail of the line had an engagement with the combined fleets off Cadiz, which lasted 12 glasses, in which 17 of the latter were captured, 2 sunk, and 1 blown up; that lord Nelson, with 7 captains on the English side, were killed, the former in the latter part of the action, having lived long enough to hear a list of the captured ships read to him. The same evening the Belleisle, of 74 guns, was towed in by the Naiade frigate, having lost all her masts in the engagement.

While at Malaga, Mr. Kirkpatrick, the American consul, received the following statement, from his correspondent at Cadiz:

"An account of the Combined fleets of France and Spain, that sailed from Cadiz on the 19th and 20th of October, and fought the British fleet on the 21st of the same month.

SPANISH SHIPS.

Prince of Austurias, of 112 guns, returned to Cadiz Bay on the 21st October very much damaged, and a great number killed and wounded; amongst the latter admiral Gravina, and his major general Escaro, but not dangerously; on the night of the 23d her main and mizen masts were so crippled that they rolled overboard.

The Santa Anna, struck to admiral Collingwood, who manned her and took out her captain; admiral Haba being wounded, was left by his own choice on board, being entirely dismasted and ungovernable—she fell so near the port of Cadiz, that she was retaken on the 23d by the squadron that went to sea for that purpose and brought into Cadiz harbor.

The Bayo, of 100 guns, was much damaged in the action, but came into port on the night of the 21st. On the 23d in the morning, she got under way with several other ships to retake the St. Anna, which the British were towing off; and in the night of the 23d not being able to make the port, she anchored about 6 leagues distance, and blowing very hard, she rolled her masts that were very much shattered overboard, and was taken next day by the British in sight of Cadiz.

The Montagne arrived at Cadiz on the night of the 21st.

San Justo, ditto, ditto.

San Leandro, do. do. and next morning while at anchor in the mouth of the bay, she rolled away her main and mizen masts.

The San Francisco, and de Asie, came in on the night of the 21st dismasted, and on the night of the 23d she drifted ashore in Cadiz Bay, near Fort St. Catalina, and is totally lost. The part of the crew that were on board, when she went ashore, were saved, having an English prize officer and men on board.

The Neptuno came in on the morning of the 22d, dismasted, drifted ashore in the night of the 23d near St. Catalina, and was totally lost, crew saved, having an English prise officer and men on board.

The San Juan, Nepomano, San Ildefonso, Argonaute, Bahama all totally dismasted, and seen in possession of the English on the 23d.

Notice was given, through the Tower, of one more Spanish ship being in possession of the English; her name not known, suppose her to be the Santissima Trinidada, of 144 guns.

FRENCH SHIPS.

The Pluton came in on the night of the 21st.

Algesiras came in on the night of the 22d, having struck, and been manned by the English, but being totally dismasted and ungovernable, in the night, the English gave the command to the French, on condition they should not be prisoners of war. This ship had above 300 men killed, and among them admiral Magoz.

———, totally dismasted, struck to, and was taken possession of by the English, but struck the shore, and went to pieces near St. Petre, on the night of the 22d, and every soul, except 25, are said to have perished.

Indomptable, came in on the night of the 21st very much damaged, and is calling for succour at the mouth of the Bay.

Neptune, do. do. do.

Hero, do. do. do.

L'Achille, blown up during the action, the most of the crew saved.

L'Argonaute, came in on the night of the 21st.

L'Aigle, dismasted, and in possession of the English, but in distress near Forra Gorda, is said to be got off and coming in.

———

Nov. 5th, Cape Spartel bearing E S E distant 40 miles, capt. Chew fell in with the British fleet of 14 sail of the line under Admiral Collingwood; was brought to and boarded by the Martin sloop of war, the lieut. of which informed him Lord Nelson and only 2 captains were killed; that they had 13 ships disabled, which with 4 of the prizes had arrived safe at Gibraltar; that the remainder of the prizes were either destroyed to prevent their falling into the hands of their former possessors, lost on shore, or drifted into Cadiz Bay; that most of the latter class had since been destroyed by the boats from their fleet—that the Santissina Trinidada of 144 guns, was destroyed in sight of Cadiz after it was found impracticable to tow her off, and that Admiral Villeneuve was on board Admiral Collingwood's ship the Dreadnought. On the same day left the fleet in co with the Victory (Lord Nelson's ship) and the Belleisle both under jurymasts for England. The lieutenant could not tell the number of killed and wounded as the returns had not then been compleated. It was the general opinion however at Gibraltar, that ten thousand men lost their lives in the action.

The Blockade of Cadiz was continued by Admiral Collingwood.

Admiral Gravina is reported to have died of his wounds after his vessel had entered the harbour of Cadiz.

Bucentaure, Adm. Villeneuve wounded, totally dismasted and struck to Nelson. The admiral and his captain were put on board a frigate, and the ship manned by a lieutenant and 80 men; in the night of the 22d, the ship being totally dismasted, was blown by the violence of the wind towards the shore, and anchored near the castle of St. Sebastian; the next day the people were taken out, and in about an hour after the ship went down.—Major General Prigney, who was left on board by Nelson, is slightly wounded. At Cadiz 400 men are reported to be killed on board this ship, and most of her officers wounded.

Intrepid, Redomptable, Montblanc, Duguay Trouin, Formidable, Scorpion, Berwick, and Swiftsure. These ships are missing, but as it is known that several of them had struck to the English, it is supposed they are in their possession. A report however prevails that Admiral Dumanoir, has escaped with 4 frigates. The bodies of Admiral Magoz and captain Villigris, are said to have been found driven on the Playa, between Cadiz and St. Patrick, where above one thousand bodies have been driven on the shore and the whole beach covered with wrecks of ships.

The five frigates and brigs returned without any material damage.

The L'Aigle is reported to have got off, and at anchor in the channel.

CADIZ, Oct. 25.

Arrived ship Hare, Chew, 49 days from Malaga, via Gibraltar.

Left at Gibraltar, ship Wells, Sampson, of Salem, vessels cleared, cargo condemned, being French colonial property and bound to a belligerent port; schooner Maria Windsor, Howland, from Boston for Naples, tried and acquitted: schooner Andromeda, Baker, of Boston from Teneriffe for Gibraltar, with cocoa, do. do. ship Aurora, Hall, of Portsmouth, N. H. from Leghorn for the East Indies, libelled, brig Indefatigable, Seaver, of Philadelphia, for Bordeaux for Villa Real, libelled; schr. Jane, Berry, of Norwich, from Green Island with fish, for Cadiz, libelled; brig Mary, Parsons, of New York, from Edenton North Carolina, for Cadiz, libelled. On the 1st of December captain P. fell in with the wreck of the brig Experiment, M'Allen, of Portsmouth, dismasted and full of water, took off the crew; brig Dolphin, Coit, of Norwich, from Green Island, with fish for a market, arrived the 12th of November and proceeded to eastward. Brig Mary, Wood, of New York, from Salou for Charleston, sent in the 8th and cleared the 10th; three days after sprung aleak and put into Algesiras, where she was obliged to unload; brig Prudence, Bunker, of New York from Leghorn, for New Orleans, sent in the 7th, cleared the 10th, and proceeded. Left at Algesiras, brig Echo, Clarke of Boston, from St. Ives, with fish, for Naples libelled and would likely be condemned. At Malaga, ship Globe, of Boston, which had been captured by a British frigate and ordered for Gibraltar, but availing herself of a westerly wind arrived safe at Malaga; schooner Waterman of New York from Amboy.

NORFOLK, Dec. 23.

Arrived—Schooner Nancy, Washington, Britt, 22 days from Nevis—The schooner Dorchester, Abbott of this port sailed the same day for St. Kitts.

Brig Thomas, Hannah, 74 days from St. Ubes——Left at St. Ubes, Oct. 4 brigs Amphion, Paine, of Portland to sail the 16th of October—Two Sisters, M'Donald, of Baltimore, and Caroline Adams, to sail in all October. December 4 in lat. 33, 17, long. 68, spoke the ship Charlotte of and from Philadelphia, for St. Thomas, by whom was supplied with provisions. Dec. 7, in lat. 35, long. 73, spoke ship Boston, bound to Savannah. December 17, five leagues East of Cape Henry, spoke schr. Resolution, captain Bedford of Boston, bound to Madeira, was supplied with

…s from their fleet—the …idada of 144 guns, was … of Cadiz after it was … to tow her off, and that …e was on board Admi… ship the Dreadnought, …t the fleet in co with the …elson's ship) and the …er jurymasts for Eng… ant could not tell the …nd wounded as the re… …een compleated. It was … however at Gibraltar, …n lost their lives in the …

…f Cadiz was continued … wood. …is reported to have died … his vessel had entered …2. …n. Villeneuve wound… …d and struck to Nel… … and his captain were …ate, and the ship man… …t and 80 men; in the …e ship being totally dis… … by the violence of the … shore, and anchored …t. Sebastian; the next … taken out, and in a… …he ship went down.— …gney, who was left on … slightly wounded. At …reported to be killed on …d most of her officers …

…table, Montblanc, Du… …idable, Scorpion, Ber… …. These ships are mis… …wn that several of them …nglish, it is supposed …possession. A report …at Admiral Dumanoir, … frigates. The bodies … and captain Villigris, …n found driven on the …diz and St. Patrick, …thousand bodies have … shore and the whole … wrecks of ships. … and brigs returned …l damage. …eported to have got off, … channel.

CADIZ, Oct. 25.

…e, Chew, 49 days from …tar. …ship Wells, Sampson, …ared, cargo condemn… …colonial property and …t port; schooner Ma… …nd, from Boston for … acquitted: schooner … of Boston from Tene… …ith cocoa, do. do. ship …rtsmouth, N. H. from …t Indies, libelled, brig …r, of Philadelphia, for … Real, libelled; schr. …wich, from Green I… … Cadiz, libelled; brig …New York, from Eden… … for Cadiz, libelled. …nber captain P. fell in …he brig Experiment, …outh, dismasted and … the crew; brig Dol… …ch, from Green Island, …t, arrived the 12th of …ceeded to eastward. … of New York, from … sent in the 8th and …ree days after sprung … Algesiras, where she …oad; brig Prudence, …rk from Leghorn, for …a the 7th, cleared the … Left at Algesiras, … of Boston, from St. … Naples libelled and …emned. At Malaga, …ton, which had been …a frigate and ordered …ling herself of a west… …e at Malaga; schoon… …w York from Amboy.

…K, Dec. 23. …r Nancy, Washington, … Nevis—The schooner …f this port sailed the …s. …nnah, 74 days from St. … Ubes, Oct. 4 brigs … Portland to sail the …vo Sisters, M'Donald, …roline Adams, to sail …ember 4 in lat. 33, 17, …hip Charlotte of and … for St. Thomas, by …with provisions. Dec. …3, spoke ship Boston, … December 17, five …e Henry, spoke schr. … Bedford of Boston, … was supplied with

…visions, &c. for which he would take no …ment.

British Brig Polly, Tucker, 32 days from …rmuda.

…Ship Dean, Vibert, 5 days from Balti… …re.

Brig Hope, Moss, 4 days from Phila… …lphia.

Sent into Barracoa, Pilot-boat schooner …eyhound, of N. York, from St. Domin… … with a cargo of coffee, sent in by a …ench privateer.

Ship John, Gorton, from Norfolk for …ngston—sent in by a French privateer; …e papers of the ship being all clear, the …ench consul ordered her to be given up; …s order the captain of the privateer re… …ed to comply with, alledging, that a …gnal which he found on board the John, …as a brigand flag; and that the ship was …ound for St. Domingo. Captain Gorton …d abandoned the ship, and sailed for N. …ork.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 27.

William Waller Hening, esq. a member … the house of delegates, was on Satur… …y elected by joint ballot of both houses … fill the vacancy in the privy council or …ouncil of state, occasioned by the re… …gnation of P. Grymes, esquire; a …William Aylett, esq. of King William and …William Munford, esq. of Mecklenburg, …ere also elected to succeed Dr. William …oushee and William Brockenbrough, esq. … May next.

[*Richmond Argus.*]

From the New-York Mercantile Advertiser.

ST. JOHNS, PORTO RICO,
27th November, 1805.

To the Editor of the Mercantile Advertiser.

SIR,

By giving the following facts a place in your …per, you will much oblige several Americans … this port.

Two American vessels have been sent in here … a Spanish privateer, viz.

1st. The brig Polly of Rhode Island, bound … Barbadoes, with a cargo of cattle, horses, fish, …ef, flour, lumber, &c. captured on the plea, …at she had no right to go an *English port.*

2d. The schooner Mary Ann, of and from …oston, for Guadaloupe, with a cargo of horses, …h, mules, beef, wine, lumber, hoops, &c. …ken the same day, on the plea that her cargo …as *too valuable for a Yankee to own.*

The masters have remained here for more than …ghty days, and have scarcely had what we call …trial; for the Judge of Marine, as the chief …ate of the privateer says, has received five hun…red dollars in cash, one cask of wine, and one of …e best horses, to condemn the vessels, which he …mediately did. Seeing and hearing such bare… …ced villainly, it was demanded of the Governor …o give the vessels a fair trial, which he has done …y ordering the Judge of Marine to deliver up …e papers, &c. and we are now to be tried by …e Auditor of War, whose reputation is that of … very honest man, but the fate of the vessels is …ot yet known.

We forgot to mention to you that the masters …f the above two vessels have been imprisoned …ith their crews for some time, on account that …ey prevented contraband goods from being put …n board. It would be useless to inform you of …ll the villainly of the people in this country; …uffice it to say that no justice is done here, and …hat the captain of every American vessel arriving …n this port, must be perpetually on his guard, or …e will return with little or no cargo, being al…ways surrounded by a band of sharpers and pri…vateersmen.

FROM LONDON, Oct. 15—25.

[CONTINUED.]

The emperor Napoleon contrived a new …nd captivating plan to open to his good ci…y of Paris, the news of the rupture be…tween Russia and Austria, he proposed a magnificent procession to the senate. He …knows the character of the French people most thoroughly, and he is seconded by a man of unparalleled address in the arts of popular delusion. He is well aware of the influence of the first impression on the po…pulace, and how important it is for him to revive that quick and mercurial enthusiasm which has often given such irresistible force to French admiration. If he cannot suc…ceed in winding up their spirits to a point of fury, and in connecting his new strides to universal empire, with the glory of the grand nation, he is irretrievably gone; for his whole dependence rests on the splendor of his name, not on the affection of his subjects. All this was contrived for the effect of the spectacle, and though it is on…ly the stale repetition of a former farce, and though he has been the man to extin…guish every trace of the liberty which the late revolution gave to France, we have no doubt but he raised the acclamations of the people in his favor. Indeed a Moni…teur of the next day (Sept. 23) confirms it, which says, in every street through which the procession passed the crowd was im…mense, enthusiasm was at its height, the acclamations unanimous!

I will now give you a short extract from a short speech of the emperor Napoleon to the conservative senate on the above day (Sept. 23.)

"Austria and Russia," said he, "have united with England, and our generation is already involved in the calamities of war. The Austrians have passed the Inn. Mu…nich is invaded. The elector of *Bavaria is driven from his capital. I am just leav…ing my capital in order to place myself at the head of the army, to carry speedy suc…cors to my allies, and to protect the dearest interest of my people. I tremble at the idea of the blood that must be spilt in Eu…rope: but the French name will emerge with increased lustre. Senators! when at your desire & the call of the whole French people, I placed upon my head the Imperi…al crown, I received from you, from every citizen, the solemn promise to maintain its honor pure and unsullied. My people have on every occasion afforded me proofs of their confidence and affection. They will fly to the banners of their emperor and his army, who in a few days will have pass…ed the frontiers. Magistrates! soldiers! citizens! all are resolved to rescue the country from the influence of England, who, if she prevailed, would grant us a peace marked with ignominy and shame.

"*Frenchmen!* Your emperor will dis…charge his duty!——my soldiers will do theirs. You will also discharge yours."

Bonaparte's vigilant mind not trusting his loving subjects too far & foreseeing the city might be exposed to new dangers during his absence, on the 16th of September issued an imperial decree, which gives new pow…ers to the commissaries of prison. It en…joins them "to watch foreigners, travellers, and vagrants, to superintend prisons, ho…tels, private lodgers, printing offices, book…sellers shops, journals, prisoners attempt…ing to escape, crews of neutral ships, and individuals coming from England!" and authorizes the officers abovemention…ed to arrest all suspected persons.—— Before he quitted Paris, Bonaparte depo…sited his will, it is said, in the Senate.— It is believed to be dated in February last, and to have been signed by the Pope as a witness. It is said to have appointed Jo…seph B. in case of Napoleon's death to be Regent during the Minority of young Na…poleon, son of his brother Louis nomina…ted his successor in France. As to Louis XVIII. and the other branches of the House of Bourbon, they stand a slender chance of ever regaining the throne even if the demise of the present head of the French Government should not be far dis…tant, for the holders and purchasers of one third of the landed property of the Em…pire, wrested by the Revolution from the clergy and the nobles are bound by one common interest to support the existing go…vernment and will support the new family notwithstanding they have usurped the throne.

* Bonaparte had caused it to be made known on the continent that he should consider any in…vasion of the Batavian territory as a declaration of war.

[*To be continued.*]

Senate of the United States.

Debate on the motion of Mr. Logan, for leave to bring in a bill to suspend the commercial intercourse between the U…nited States and St. Domingo.

FRIDAY, Dec. 20.

Dr. Logan observed that agreeably to notice, he asked for leave to bring in a bill to prevent the commercial intercourse between the United States of America and the French island of St. Domingo. Dr. Logan observed that the attention of con…gress had been called to this subject by the president of the United States at the commencement of the last session of con…gress in the following words:

"While noticing the irregularities com…mitted on the ocean, by others, those on our own part should not be omitted nor left unprovided for. Complaints have been received that persons residing within the United States have taken on themselves to arm merchant vessels & to force a com…merce into certain ports and countries in defiance of the laws of those countries;— that individuals should undertake to wage private war, independently of the authori…ty of their country, cannot be permitted in a well ordered society. Its tendency to produce aggressions on the laws & rights of other nations, and to endanger the peace of our own, is so obvious, that I doubt not you will adopt measures for restrain…ing it effectally in future."

The first complaint alluded to in the mes…sage of the president is a letter addressed to the secretary of state by the envoy of Great Brirain, dated the 31st of August 1804, in which he observes "I have re…ceived information respecting several ves…sels which have of late been armed in, and have sailed from different ports of the U. States, some loaded with articles contra…band of war (gun-powder is said to be the general article) others with cargoes of in…nocent goods, and others again in ballast. —After the diligent inquiry which it has been my duty to make on so important a subject, I think I can have the honor of stating with certainty, that several vessels of the above description, which are men…tioned to be schooner rigged, have sailed lately from the port of Baltimore, whilst others of larger size, even ships of con…siderable burthen and completely equipped for war, have sailed from Philadelphia bound to the possessions of his Majesty's enemies in the East as well as the West Indies. It is said that the object of some of these equipments is to force a trade with the blacks in the island of St. Domingo, in which attempt the public prints have stated so circumstantially, as to leave no doubt whatever on the subject——that two American vessels have been captured by French cruizers, after making resist…ance. But I have strong reason to believe that the destination of others particularly from the port of Philadelphia have been with cargoes of contraband articles to the enemies possessions in the East and West Indies.

"Let their destination, however, be what they may, it cannot, I conceive, but be justly considered, that such armaments, on the part of the citizens of a neutral state, must be attended with consequences prejudicial to a belligerent power, and may, therefore, be deemed rightly as offensive, for which reason the law of nations has stated one of the first obligations of neu…trality to be that of abstaining from all par…ticipation in warlike expeditions. The arm…ed vessels alluded to, may become the pro…perty of the King's enemies either by cap…ture at sea or by purchase in the ports to which they are destined, and are thus in readiness to be converted immediately into instruments of hostility against his Majes…ty, whilst in another point of view they are calculated to protect, the vessels when they are loaded with contraband articles, against the lawful search and detention, of a law…fully commissioned cruizer, when the lat…ter shall be of inferior force. Indeed I conceive, that it may not be giving too great an extent to the principle of the law of nations, without attending to the nature of the cargo, to consider the very arms, amunition, and other implements of war, with which such vessels are furnished as contraband articles, when the vessels have been thus equipped without the authority of the nation to which they belong.

"I understand, Sir, the armaments in question have in fact taken place under no commission or authority whatever from the government of the United States. I have therefore thought it my duty to have the honor of making you acquainted with the information that has reached me on this subject, and if the observations which I have taken the liberty to make upon it should happily be conformable to the senti…ments of the American government, I can safely trust to their justice, as well as to their jealousy of observing the most strict neutrality in the present war, to take such measures as shall appear to them the most proper for suppressing the illegal proceed…ings complained of on the part of those in…dividuals, citizens of the United States, who shall appear to be concerned in them."

In a letter from the Charge d'Affaires of France, dated the 7th of May, 1804, and ad…dressed to the Secretary of State, he observes, "The undersigned is informed in a manner which leaves him no room to doubt it, that the Ameri…can merchants, who pursue this commerce (mean…ing the commerce with St. Domingo) publicly arm in the ports of the United States, vessels which are intended to support by force a traffic contrary to the law of nations, and to repel the efforts which the cruizers of the French Repub…lic are authorised to make in order to prevent it. These armaments have also for their object to cover the conveyance of munitions to the re…volted of that colony. The government of the United States cannot be ignorant of these facts which are public; the consequences thereof have already been manifested in the West-Indies, where the public papers advise that there have been actions between the French cruisers and A…merican vessels carrying on this commerce. In considering the matter merely under the view of the law of nations, it is manifest that American citizens, under the very eyes of their govern…ment, carry on a private and piratical war against a power with which the United States are at peace. The undersigned would be wanting in his duty if he did not vindicate, under such cir…cumstances, the rights and dignity of his govern…ment, which are openly injured, and if he did not call the attention of Mr. Madison to the dis…agreeable reflection which the French govern…ment would have a right to make if the silence of the local authorities, respecting acts of this nature, should be imitated by the government of the United States."

"The French government certainly could not see without a profound regret, that after having given to the United States the most marked proofs of the desire to place the good understand…ing of the two nations upon the most immove…able foundations, by abandoning national interests which might have eventually produced collisions, individual interest should now be permitted to compromit this good understanding. Its regret would be still much greater, if, when the dign…ity and safety of France are openly inju…ed in the United States, by their citizens, the American government should preserve, respecting these vi…olations, a silence which would appear to offer an excuse and even a sort of encouragement, to all the excesses which cupidity may attempt: Beside that the peace of the two nations cannot but be seriously compromitted by the proceedings of the individuals, and by the reprisals to which they must necessarily lead, this state of things would infallibly tend to diminish the amicable disposition, which the two governments wish to cultivate.

DR. L. observed that the commerce as carri…ed on by the citizens of the United States is not only a violation of the law of nations which the United States as an independent nation is bound to obey; but it is in direct violation of a treaty made in 1800, between the United States and France, a treaty on the most liberal principles as to the rights of neutrals and highly advantage…ous and honorable to both nations.

To remedy the evils complained of a law was enacted during the last session of Congress to re…gulate the clearance of armed merchant vessels; this act has operated as a deception, as since the publication of the law, the trade to St. Domin…go has been carried on to as great if not greater extent than formerly. The only merit of the arming law is, that in a national view it removes the responsibility from the individual who may be engaged in the trade, to the government by which it is authorised.

Whilst we are anxious to have our own nati…onal rights respected, is it honorable to violate the rights of a friendly power with whom we are at peace? Or is it sound policy to cherish the black population of St. Domingo whilst we have a similar population in our Southern States, in which should an insurrection take place, the government of the U. States is bound to render effectual aid to our fellow citizens in that part of the Union. Dr. L. concluded by observing that in bringing forward the bill under consideration, he was not influenced by views of friendship to…wards England or France, but to preserve the immediate honor and future peace of the United States.

(To be continued.)

"CONNECTICUT GAZETTE."

This newspaper, though not much known, stands in high repute for the correctness of its po…litics. It says,

"On the subject of our foreign relations, Mr. Jefferson's Message to Congress breathes a lan…guage honorable to him as an individual, and wor…thy the first magistrate of a free people. Ever ready to bestow applause where it is merited; to sacrifice their private injuries on the altar of pa…triotism, the federalists will, while the admini…stration shall shew a disposition to maintain the honor of their country, lend it every support in their power. Recollecting the correct senti…ments, the lamb-like professions, and the magni…ficent promises advanced in Mr. Jefferson's first inaugural speech, we confess we are not without our fears that like them, the present assurances have been given but to be violated. Federalists were *then* and they *now* are, disposed to give the administration a fair trial; they were then, and they now are, willing to give their support to a conduct correspondent with Mr. Jefferson's own professions.

"True their opposition has been violent; but it has been *honest*—its root is *principle.* They believed Mr. Jefferson and his friends were unfit guardians of the public weal; and they yet have seen nothing to change their belief. It, how…ever, the promised reform is now to take place; if our navy shall again be placed on a respectable footing; if our sea ports shall again be secured, commerce protected, and our language to foreign nations again be the language of independence— Federalists are prepared to withdraw opposition, to bury animosities; they value their country's honor—and as, in its defence, they have the spi…rit to resent, so they had the magnanimity to for…give unmerited persecution."

☞ *Palmer's* Packet will sail for Norfolk to-morrow.

NEGROES WANTED.

Wanted to Purchase,
A few likely young NEGROES.
Enquire at Hodgkin's tavern.
December 27. 3t.

Wanted to Purchase or Hire,
A Man Servant, capable of attending in a house.
Apply to the Printer.
December 26. 1t

For Freight or Charter,

To any Port without the North Sea,

The SHIP

LEONIDAS,

Capt. M'KENZIE;

A fine burthensome ship; will stow 450 hogsheads, and will be in complete readiness for the reception of a cargo in 12 or 15 days.

For Sale on board said Ship,

At Rickets and Newton's wharf,

About 8000 bushels Liverpool Salt,

Which is now discharging. Apply to the Master on board, or to

Rickets, Newton & Co.

December 19. eod

JOHN WATTS,

Fairfax-street, opposite Mr. JOHN JANNEY's, has received via Baltimore,

A Handsome assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

Which he will sell low for cash, or on short credit, to punctual customers.

Superfine Cloths and Cassimers,
Wintor Velveteen,
Patent Cord and Patent Cord Waistcoating,
Fancy Moleskins and Florentines,
Silk Plush and Velvets,
Sewing Silk, Twist and Thread,
Lenо and Dragoona Mull Cloaks,
Gentlemen's White and Black Silk Hose,
Do. do. do. Gloves,
Do. do, Spun do.
Do. York Fan and Doe-skin do.
Ladies' White and Black Hose,
Do. Extra long Silk Gloves and Mitts,
Do. do. Wash Leather & Riding Gloves
Sattins, Lutestrings and Persians,
Lutestring and Sattin Ribbons,
Laces and Edgings,
London Hats,
Rose and Buffil Blankets,
Silk Rugs and Caddows,
Carpets and Carpeting,
German Osnabrigs,
Dowlasses and Bedticking,
Silk and Cotton Suspenders,
Imperial and Young Hyson Teas,
Clover Seed and Seine Twine, &c. &c.

Oct 21 eod.

Centreville Academy.

ON the 2d day of January next, an ACADEMY will be opened in this place for the reception of Students, under the direction of the Reverend Mr. SNYDER, assisted by one or more Ushers.

This Gentleman has conducted different Academies for the space of several years past, with great credit: his deportment is consonant to his station, and to the accomplishments of a scholar he adds the happy facility of exciting in his pupils the symptoms of literary genius, and to cultivate their mental improvements.

In this institution will be taught the Latin and Greek Languages: the English language grammatically: Geography, History, Elocution; the various branches of the Mathematics; Writing; Arithmetic and Book-keeping.

There are few places in our country more advantageously situated for an institution of this nature, than this—Its situation is very elevated and the air salubrious; and in the centre of a remarkably healthy neighborhood; the necessaries of life are cheap and may easily be procured. The strictest attention will be paid to the morals of the Students both in and out of school.

The terms of tuition will be; for the Latin and Greek languages, including Geography, &c. 25 dollars; for the Mathematics 20 dollars; Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, 14 dollars per annum, paid quarterly in advance. A small contribution will be required from each pupil for the purchase of fire-wood.

Centreville, Dec. 14. 2aw3ms

TO BE LET,

THE BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, lately occupied by *Thomas Matthews*—Likewise, the HOUSE and LOT occupied by the subscriber—who has four elegant EIGHT-DAY CLOCKS for sale. E. JANNEY.

10th month, 25th. 2awtf

TO RENT,

The Dwelling HOUSE at present occupied by William Sanford—The house is commodious and handsomely situated, with every necessary out house, and has a handsome garden in high cultivation. Apply to

Mr. Thomas Preston, or
Thomas Sanford.

October 25. d6t.co

Boarding-House Opened,

By the Subscriber, in Prince-street,

In the house lately occupied by *Thomas Patton*, between the dwelling house of *Dr. Dick* and Mr. *Hodgson's* store—where a few genteel boarders may be accommodated—with or without lodging. Apply to

William King.

November 1. eotf

Wanted to Hire,

A Negro Girl from 12 to 14 years of age—*Apply to the* PRINTER.

November 12.

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust, bearing date the 26th day of September, 1804, from Philip Wanton to the subscriber, for the purpose therein mentioned, will be sold, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on THURSDAY the 2d day of January, 1806,

A valuable Frame Dwelling-House and Lot of Ground, with a Tannery thereon, in the town of *Centreville*, now in the occupancy of Mr. Daniel Harrington. A liberal credit will be allowed, which will be particularly declared at the place and time of sale.

Samuel Craig, *Trustee.*

December 6. tawzw&tswtf

JUST PUBLISHED,

BY COTTOM AND STEWART,

(*Price one Dollar.*)

A new edition with modern improvements on the

ART OF COOKERY,

MADE PLAIN AND EASY

By Mrs. GLASS.

1st. Containing directions how to roast, boil and dress to perfection, every thing necessary to be sent up to table.

2d. Directions for Soups, Broths, Puddings, Pies, Gravies, Sauces, Hashes, Fricassees, Ragouts, Pickling, Cakes, Jellies, Preserving, &c. &c. With a modern bill of fare for every month in the year.

There is no work on this subject more complete than the above. It is also the most modern as the Edition from which this was taken, was published in London, May 1804, and contains all the improvements in the art up to that time, leaving out many superflouous dishes, and substituting others more useful.

December 20. d

District of Columbia, to wit:

WHEREAS *Alexander Henderson* hath, by his petition in writing, applied to the Hon. Nicholas Fitzhugh, one of the assistant judges of the circuit court of the district of Columbia, to be admitted to the benefit of the act of Congress for the relief of insolvent debtors within the district aforesaid, and has stated therein that he is in actual confinement in the prison rules of Alexandria county, at the suit of sundry creditors of the said Alexander Henderson, and of one John M'Pherson, lately trading in copartnership; the said John M'Pherson residing and carrying on the business of the said copartnership in the city of New-York, under the firm of John M'Pherson and Co.: And the said Alexander Henderson, residing and carrying on the business of the co partnership in the town of Alexandria, under the firm of Alexander Henderson and Co. and the said Alexander Henderson being unable to discharge the said claims with others against him, has offered to deliver up to the use of his creditors, all his property real, personal, or mixed: Notice is therefore given, to the creditors of the said Alexander Henderson, and of the copartnership aforesaid, that on Monday the 6th day of next January, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the court house in Alexandria, the oath of an insolvent debtor will be administered to the said Alexander Henderson, and a trustee appointed agreeable to the said act of Congress, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary,

By order of the Honorable Nicholas Fitzhugh, assistant judge of the circuit court of the district of Columbia, this 17th day of December, 1805.

G. Deneale, C. C.

Dec. 20. d

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company, at John Gadsby's, in the town of Alexandria, on the 5th December, 1805—

Resolved, That the treasurer notify the stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, who have not paid up the several calls due from them, that the situation of the work will not admit of further indulgence; and that he cause legal proceedings to be had against all those who fail to make immediate payment—and that he publish this resolution in one of the newspapers of Alexandria, Leesburg, and Winchester.

True copy.

Levin Powell, *President.*

Dec. 6. d4w

This is to give Notice.

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court, of the said county, in the district of Columbia, letters of administration on the personal estate of *John Bowling*, late of the said county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate

Elizabeth Bowling.

Dcaember 7. 2aw6w

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, by COTTOM *and* STEWART, *and for Sale, at their Store.*

[PRICE ONE DOLLAR 75 CENTS.]

Fleetwood:

OR

The NEW MAN OF FEELING.

BY WILLIAM GODWIN.

September 18. d

Printing, in its various branches, handsomely executed at this office.

VALUABLE FAMILY *MEDICINES.*

Just received direct from the Patentees, and *FOR SALE BY*

JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.

DRUGGIST;

The following Valuable Medicines:

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomachel Bitters.

PREPARED BY

THOMAS H. RAWSON,

Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the most rapid sale of any Patent Medicine ever before discovered, and are justly appreciated for their singular and uncommon virtues for restoring weak and decayed constitutions, and all that train of complicated complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as *intermittant Fevers and Agues, long Autumnal Fevers, Dysenteries, &c.* They are also a very pleasant bitter for common use, and where they are known they have taken the place and superceded the use of all other bitters in public houses as well as in private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham Billious Pills.

THE great sale and increasing demand for these valuable pills for these twelve years past, bespeak their intrinsic worth. They have proved singularly efficacious in *Billious and Yellow fevers, Jaundice, Head Aachs, Dysenteries, Billious Cholic, Costiveness, Female complaints, &c.*

The very great demand and high esteem in which these pills are held throughout the United States and the West Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaser is requested to observe that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Itch Ointment.

A certain and safe application for that disagreeable complaint called the ITCH. Price 42 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti Billious Pills,

or, Family Physic.

The extraordinary celebrity these pills have gained, the universal demand for them and esteem of which they are held by medical men of the first eminence, are sufficient testimonials of their intrinsic worth. In great colds and sudden attacks of disorders, an early use of these pills often produces the happiest effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in cases of indigestion, headachs, dizziness, pains in the stomach and bowels, dysentries, diarrhœas, dropsies, &c. and a liberal use of my anti billious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almost to a miracle—price 25 cents a box.

Thomson's Aromatic Tooth Paste,

For the scurvy in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preserving the teeth. It likewise takes off all disagreeable smells from the breath, which generally arises from scorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paste is much in use, and highly esteemed by all those who value the preservation of their teeth, it may be applied at all times with the greatest safety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and safety in its operation stands unrivalled. The most authenticated proofs and respectable authorities of its astonishing virtues, and surprising effects, in extreme and alarming cases of worms, may be seen at the place of sale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir;

Or Cough Drops,

For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, spitting of blood, and all diseases of the *lungs*. Its merits stands unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.

Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infallible remedy for the Piles.

Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each of these valuable medicines.

He has likewise for Sale,

A general assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few handsome Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof vials, Essence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Madeira and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogsheads; Paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flaxseed Oil, which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

☞ A generous allowance will be made to those who purchase the above Medicines by the dozen

March 27. 2aw

NOTICE.

THE subscriber will rent the house on Fairfax street, near Duke street, lately occupied by Mr. James H. Hoor. Apply to Mr. John *Tucker.*—As some person has reported that the house is liable for back rents, the following certificate, from Mr. Nathaniel C. Hunter, (the original proprietor of the lot) who leased the house and lot to me on an annual ground-rent, proves, that there is no truth in the said report.

Stephen Cooke.

☞ I hereby acknowledge, to have received all the ground-rents due on a lot, in the town of Alexandria, on Fairfax street, leased of me by Dr. Stephen Cooke, up to the 3d day of February, 1805.

NATHANIEL C. HUNTER.

October 1, 1805. (Dec. 16.) 1aw

SALT.

1500 *bushels Coarse Turk's Island Salt*

NOW LANDING

And for sale by *John Tucker,*

Who has on hand

Sugar in hhd. and bbls.—a few bags of Coffee—and Spanish Hides.

Dec. 16. eo3w.

NOTICE.

THE Stock-Holders in the Marine Insurance Company, of Alexandria, are informed that an election for fifteen Directors to manage the affairs of the said Company for the year ensuing, will be held at the court-house, in Alexandria, the 15th of next month.

By order of the Directors,

Wm. Hartshorne, President.

12th mo. 24d.

☞ Mr. Green, Fredericksburg; Mr. Davis, Richmond; Mr. Bowen, Winchester; are requested to insert the above two weeks in their respective papers.

FOR SALE,

THAT large and convenient WAREHOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND, situate on the South side of King-street, late the property of *Charles Therber, deceased;* adjoining Messrs. R. & W. Richardson's. The House fronts 22 feet, and in depth 70 feet, subject to a rent of sixty-seven and a half dollars. For terms apply to

W. GORE, OR
A. SCHOLFIELD.

If the above Property should not be Sold previous to the first day of January next, it will on that day be offered at Auction, on a credit of nine days.

Philip G. Marsteller.

December 24. d

LOST,

A NOTE OF HAND, drawn by *Perry & Anderson* in favor of the subscriber for Two Hundred and One Dollars, Twenty-five Cents, dated the 7th of December, payable in 60 days. As payment is stopped it can be of no use to the finder. A liberal reward will be given on leaving it with the Printer.

William T. Colston.

Dec. 24. d3t.

The Subscriber has for Sale, at his Store,

FRENCH BRANDY, in pipes
Sugar, by the barrel
Cider and Apples, by the barrel
Soft shell'd Almonds, by the frail
70 boxes of Muskatel Raisins
6 boxes of large Prunes
700 bushels Rhode-Island Potatoes
20 bushels do. Beets
3000 wt. Rhode-Island Cheese; part of superior quality
Large New-York Cabbage-heads
Green Grapes, in jars
Candles and Soap, in boxes
A parcel of excellent Flax
First rate Cavendish Tobacco
Sweet Oranges, Limes and Lemons—and a general assortment of Groceries.

A. Willis.

December 21. ot

PUBLIC SALE.

On MONDAY, the second day of February, 1806, will be sold, on the premises,

A TRACT of LAND, situate on the Potomack, in the county of King George, adjoining Hooe's ferry, containing 356 acres.—On this land is an excellent landing for a fishery, a salt marsh of about 40 acres, from which immense quantities of hay may be cut, and furnishes the best fowling ground of any part of the Potomack in the vicinity. A considerable proportion of the land is in wood, and the arable land on the river is intermixed with shell, which adapts it well to the culture of corn, wheat, tobacco, or cotton.—The terms are, one half in hand, or approved bonds on demand; the remainder in twelve months with interest. A deed of trust will be required to secure the payment of the purchase money.

Gerard Alexander.

December 14. 1aw6t

PRINTED DAILY
BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN.

Vol. VI.]

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY nex
12 o'clock, will be sold at the Ve
RUM
In hhds. and bls. French Brandy i
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Bandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNI
&c.——ALSO,
A Variety of DRY GO
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kersem
Duffils, Plains, Kerseys, Negro C
Serges, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Russels, Yarn Stock
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchief
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and
Articles.

Philip G. Ma

Nov. 12.

For Sale or Charter

The Staunch fast

Brig NAN

about 1400 *barrels*

Has just had a thorough repair, is and will be at HEPBURN's *Wharf,* two.—For inventory or terms apply

John Mc Gowan,

City of Washington, or to

Lewis

Nov. 20

For Sale or Freig

The Schoon

BETSE

Burthen eight hundre

Was built in eighteen

— And is without exception th belonging to the port—*for terms ap*

Benjamin Shrev

Dec. 14

For Freight or Cha

To Europe or the West-

THE BRIG

EQUAT

Henry Moore,

Burthen 230 hhds. For terms master on board, or to

HUGH S

Dec. 16.

44 bales GERMAN C

assorted,

And for Sale, on moderate te

Lately imported from Bremen by Baltimore.

ROBERT

December 7.

JUST RECEIVE

AND FOR SALE,

Two boxes Irish Linen—

Raines.

50 barrels prime Pork.

WM. H

November 28.

Russia Clean He

A few tons of the first qual by *John.*

Dec. 2.

400 barrels Corn,

70 boxes fresh Muskatel and Bl

For Sale, by

Mandeville & J

December 5.

KILN-DRIED RIE

200 barrels of Corn

dried, and in nice shipping

Apply to MORDECAI

December 9.

Bills on Philadelp

At short sight,

In sums to suit purchasers, may mediate application is made to

Lawrason &

December 5.